Amendment to the Claims

- (Currently amended) A method of diagnosing an increased probability of screening for
 breast cancer in a subject, the method comprising obtaining a sample containing cells
 from the subject, comparing the expression pattern level of CXCL9 or FLJ20174, SEQ
 ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4 nucleic acid or gene product in a the sample from a the subject
 with the expression pattern level of CXCL9 or FLJ20174, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID
 NO:4 nucleic acid or gene product in one or more control samples from one or more noncancerous breast tissues, wherein an upregulation a significant increase in the expression
 pattern of CXCL9 or level of FLJ20174, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4 in the subject
 sample compared to the control samples is indicative of an increased probability of breast
 or overian cancer in the subject.
- (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 2 1, wherein the one or more control breast tissue samples from a non-cancerous breast tissue are also derived from the subject.
- 4. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim [[4]] 1, wherein the difference in the
 expression pattern level is an upregulation increase of at least two fold over the level of
 expression of CXCL9 or FLJ20174, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4 nucleic acid in the
 one or more non-cancerous breast tissue samples.
- (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim [[6]] 1, wherein the cells are obtained from breast accovariant issue

- (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the <u>subject</u> sample comprises serum, nipple aspirate or ductal fluid obtained from the subject.
- 9. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the expression pattern level of CXCL9 or FLJ20174, SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4 is determined by detecting the presence in assaying the sample of a nucleic acid comprising with a probe or primer consisting of 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 or more contiguous nucleotides of SEQ ID NO:4 SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4, or the complement thereof.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 9 1, wherein the <u>subject</u> nucleic acid is an mRNA or hnRNA.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 9 1, wherein the nucleic acid in the subject sample is a cDNA.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of detecting further assaying comprises amplifying the nucleic acid.
- 13.-65 (Canceled)
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a polymerase chain reaction step.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction step.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a DNA to DNA hybridization step.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a DNA to RNA hybridization step.

- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a single stranded conformational polymorphism analysis.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying wherein the probe is affixed to a solid support.
- (New) The method of claim 71, wherein the solid support is a membrane, a microtiter plate, or a polystyrene bead.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises fluorescent in situ hybridization.
- (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of assaying comprises a molecular beacon assay.